[THURSDAY, *January* 30, 1772.] THE [NUMB. 1517]

NEW-YORK GENERAL JOURNAL; OR, THE ADVERTISER:

Containing the freſheſt ADVICES, *both* FOREIGN *and* DOMESTIC

PRINTED AND PUPLISHED BY JOHN HOLT, ON HUNTER'S-QUAY, ROTTON-ROW.

Aſſize of BREAD, publiſhed 18th of Dec. 1771.
Flour at 22*ſ.* 9*d.* per Ct.
A White Loaf of fineſt Flour to weigh 1lb. 7 oz.
for 4 Coppers. Ditto, of Do. to weigh — 11
for 2 Do.

PRICE-CURRENT, in NEW-YORK.

Wheat per Buſhel	7s. 9d.	Beef per Barrel	50s. od.
Flour	22s. od.	Pork	£4. 10s. od.
Brown Bread	22s. od.	Salt	2s. od.
Weſt-India Rum	5s. 3d.	Bohea Tea	4s. 6d.
New-England ditto	2s. 8d.	Chocol. per Doz.	18s. od.
Muſcovado Sugar	56s. 0ds.	Bees Wax	1s. 9d.
Single refin'd ditto	1s. od.	Nut Wood	40s. od.
Molaſſes	1s. 1d.	Oak ditto	24s. od.

HIGH-WATER at NEW-YORK, and SUN'S RISING and SETTING, till Thurſday next.

	☾'s Age.	High Water.	riſes ☉ H.	M.	ſets ☉ H.	
THURSDAY	26	6	after 7	4	before 5	
FRIDAY	27	7	7	3	5	
SATURDAY	28	7	7	2	5	
SUNDAY	29	8	7	1	5	
MONDAY	●	9	7	●	5	
TUESDAY	1	10	6	58	6	
WEDNESDAY	2	10	6	57	6	New ● next Monday, Noon.

Days 9 Hours 52 Min. the 30th.

WALTER FRANKLIN, and Co.

Have juſt received by the Ann, Capt. Lawrence, from London,

AN aſſortment of the moſt faſhionable ſilks, conſiſting of paduſoys, luteſtrings, gorgaroons, taffaties, perſians and peelong ſattins: Alſo black, light, and cloth colour'd ſewing ſilks—which they will ſell at a very low price, for caſh, at their ſtore, at Walter Franklin's new houſe ——where they have likewiſe for ſale, a general aſſortment of goods, as uſual. 16 19

To be SOLD, by
THOMAS FRANKLIN, Jun.
At his Store, between Burling's and Beekman's-Slips;

AN Aſſortment of ſmall and middle ſized Cordage, with ſeveral Cables of 6 to 6½ Inches, 50 Fathom; 7 to 7½ and 8 Inches, 60 Fathom; 9 to 10 Inches, 74 to 82 Fathom;—which will be ſold on reaſonable Terms.

New-York, 23d Jan. 1772. 16 19

JOHN BURCHET.

Stey and Riding Habit-maker, lately arrived from London and Paris,

TAKES this method to inform the public, that he has opened ſhop in Smith ſtreet, three doors from the corner in Wall-ſtreet, near the ſtatue, where he intends to carry on his buſineſs in a moſt extenſive manner,—ſuch as making ſtays, jumps, both packthread and others; likewiſe riding habits in the neweſt and neateſt manner, either in the French or Engliſh taſte, as cheap as can be imported,—He therefore hopes the Ladies of this city will be pleaſed to try his abilities by countenancing him with their commands, as he flatters himſelf capable of yielding them the utmoſt ſatisfaction and meriting their eſteem,—ſo that all thoſe who favour his endeavours may depend on being punctually ſerved, by their acknowledged, very

Humble ſervant,
JOHN BURCHET.

INFORMATION is hereby intended to be given the public, that the ſubſcriber being advanced in years, and infirm of body, propoſes to ſell at private ſale his plantation, containing 120 acres of land, about 15 acres of which is meadow, that has been and may be watered; 'tis ſituated in the townſhip of Hopewell, in the county of Hunterdon and province of New-Jerſey. There are on the premiſes, a good ſtone dwelling-houſe, ſtone kitchen, granary, and framed barn, a ſpring of water very convenient, that not only ſupplies the houſe and kitchen, but alſo accommodates a diſtillery, over which a new ſtone houſe is erected; two very good bearing orchards, &c. The premiſes in good repair, having thereon near 600 rods of ſtone-fencing: It will be ſold altogether, or a part thereof, as may beſt ſuit the purchaſer, and may be entered upon the 1ſt of May next. Any perſon inclining to purchaſe, can view the premiſes and agree upon reaſonable terms, with

JOSEPH PRICE.

Hopewell, Jan. 21th, 1772. 16 19

To thoſe who deſire to preſerve their Money and their

WATCHES,

And avoid unneceſſary Expence.

CLEANING, for two Shillings Currency, each; Glaſſes fitted for one Shilling; the Price of joining a broken Main Spring, or Chain, two Shillings; if a new one is requiſite, eight Shillings—All other Repairs in Proportion, at half what is uſually charged—and future Expence, until the Materials the Watch is compoſed of (Wheels and Pinions) are worn out.

☞ Difficult Jobbs for thoſe who take in mending, perform'd, punctually to Time,

By JOHN SIMNET of *London*, WATCH-FINISHER, only general Manufacturer in this Country;

At the New Dial, the low Shop, beſide the Coffee-House Bridge, New-York. 19—

To be rented,

AND entered upon the firſt of May next, a good Dwelling-Houſe and Garden, together with a Brick Yard and a very good Brick Shed, containing ninety Feet in Length and fourteen Feet wide. Water and Wood may be had very convenient to carry on the Brick-making Buſineſs; the Clay is known to make Bricks of the beſt Sort, and two Yoke of Oxen may be had, with the above Conveniences,—it lies within three Quarters of a Mile of a very good Landing: For further Particulars, inquire of

CORNELIUS COVENHOVEN, Jun.

Monmouth, Middletown, Jan 20th, 1772. 16 19

To be LET, or SOLD,

A Small FARM on Long-Iſland, exactly oppoſite to the Coffee-houſe bridge, and adjoining to that of Alexander Colden, Eſq;—The whole of the land is an excellent orchard, and garden, of the very beſt grafted apple, and other fruit trees; in the garden there are about one hundred feet ſquare, planted in the very beſt manner aſparagus, which yields plentifully every ſeaſon, and of the very beſt kind; the ſituation is as pleaſant as any in the province, and its being ſo near to the market, renders it very commodious and profitable for a gardener: For further particulars, inquire of LODEWICK BAMPER, in Chapel-ſtreet. 14 17

NEW-YORK.
SCRIVENER'S OFFICE, &c.
Eſtabliſhed in June, 1764, by
JOHN C. KNAPP,
ATTORNEY at LAW de B. R.

WHO *conſtantly attends*, and on the uſual eaſy fees, gives the moſt candid advice in all caſes of law and equity, founded on thoſe truths which muſt prevent every the leaſt conſiderate perſon from commencing or defending ſuch ſuits as can only be productive of trouble and expence, many times to perſons in low circumſtances *utter ruin*.

Deeds, Wills, or any other writings peruſed, and a ſatisfactory opinion given as to their validity,——*Alſo* abſolute Conveyances, Mortgages, Wills, Aſſignments, Memorials, Petitions, Articles of Co-partnerſhip, Charter Parties, Letters of Licence, &c. drawn effectually to anſwer the purpoſes intended: *And* Letters of Attorney, Certificates, or any other papers, perfected under the city ſeal, or otherwiſe as the caſe may require.

Perſons aſſiſted to recover their property in England, and other diſtant parts:—*Alſo* debts recovered in an expeditious, eaſy manner, at moſt times without law:

Perſons under difficult circumſtances aſſiſted, with ſtrict ſecrecy.

Executors and Adminiſtrators inſtructed in the due execution of their office, whereby to avoid the many difficulties, trouble and expence, which often ariſe from the want of knowledge therein.

Seafaring men, and other Strangers, who many times meet with difficulty, in matters not altogether relative to the law, will be particularly aſſiſted.

*** *Since the commencement* of this Office, many very conſiderable Sums of money have been negociated, as well on real and perſonal ſecurities, as on bottomry, and the diſcount of good bonds, bills and notes; for which laſt purpoſes plenty of caſh is at all times to be had; *and*, where plate ſecurity can be depoſited, money can be procured.

☞ *Mr. Knapp* begs leave to aſſure the *Public*, of his continued endeavours to extend the utility of this Office to all ranks of people, by giving the moſt eaſy acceſs as to fees, &c. *And*, as it is his earneſt deſire to acquire general eſteem, ſo it ſhall be his peculiar ſtudy to approve himſelf on all occaſions, the *Public*'s faithful and very devoted ſervant.

Broad-Street, January 6, 1772. 14 17

HATS
MANUFACTURED by the Advertiſer, to exceed in Fineneſs, Cut, Colour and Cock; and by a Method peculiar to himſelf, to turn rain, and prevent the Sweat of the Head damaging the crown.—Such Gentry and others, who have experienced his Ability, 'tis hoped will recommend.

NESBITT DEANE.

☞ Encouragement to thoſe who buy to ſell again.
Aſide the Coffee Houſe Bridge, New-York. 95—

WANTED,

A Sober, honeſt and diſcreet Man, who is Maſter of his Buſineſs, in making Pearl and Pot-Aſh; Such an one properly recommended, will meet with very good Encouragement, (to proceed on Buſineſs as early in the Spring as the Weather will admit of) by inquiring of Theodorus Van Wyck, or Direk Brinckerhoff, in New-York, or William Provoſt, at Hackinſack, where the works are erected. 14 17

HAGUE, October 23.

THEY write from Vienna, that a Courier arrived there lately from Peterſburgh with new propoſals for peace, the Court of Ruſſia not having aproved of thoſe before made by the Porte: That the Court of Vienna, though it does not perfectly reliſh ſome of the articles, ſent a Courier with them to Conſtantinople, and will detain the other Courier till his return, in order to carry the anſwer of the Porte immediately to Peterſburgh. The contents of theſe artticles are kept very ſecret.

They write from Amſterdam, that ſome Paſquinades have appeared lately, more ſevere than thoſe which were publiſhed ſome time ago. They are particularly aimed againſt the Governors of the Republick, and ſome of the principal Members are ſatirized very ſeverely.

NEWBERN, *Nov.* 22.

On Tueſday laſt the General Aſſembly of this province met here, when his Excellency the Governor was pleaſed to open the ſeſſion with the following ſpeech:

Gentlemen of his Majeſty's Honourable Council, Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Houſe of Aſſembly,

HIS Majeſty having been moſt graciouſly pleaſed to appoint me his Chief Governor of this province, I now firſt enter upon the duties of that important ſtation, in my legiſlative capacity, with all the deffidence which the difficulty of the ſituation, added to a juſt ſenſe of the luſtre of my predeceſſor's character, naturally inſpires; deriving at the ſame time the moſt pleaſing expectations, from the generous and loyal ſupport that you gave to that Gentleman's approved adminiſtration.

I have the pleaſure to aſſure you, Gentlemen, that it has afforded great ſatisfaction to his Majeſty to ſee Governor Tryon's unwearied endeavours for reſtoring the peace of this country, ſo well ſeconded by the legiſlature; and I am confident it will be moſt grateful to his Royal mind to find that by your wiſe proviſions, and his able conduct, the good work is accompliſhed, and that, tranquility and good order have ſucceeded the tumult and violence which, during ſome time, had diſturbed ſo fair a part of this province.

I moſt heartily congratulate you, Gentlemen, on this event; and I take this firſt occaſion to recommend to you, in the moſt earneſt manner, to conſider of effectual means to prevent future evils of the like nature. To this end it appears to be neceſſary to give all force and vigour to the laws, to obviate all juſt grounds of diſcontent to the people that ſhall be found to exiſt, to give them the fulleſt evidence that is poſſible of the juſt adminiſtration of the public finances; to correct, as far as human prudence may all manner of abuſes, and, above all things, to give every facility to the adminiſtration of juſtice. Thus, Gentlemen, you will promote the benignant intentions of our moſt gracious Sovereign, who, with paternal and unremitting care labours to extend to all his people the ineſtimable bleſſings of that happy conſtitution of which he is a moſt vigilant and tender guardian. And thus, by the wiſdom of your deliberations, and the divine bleſſing, I truſt they will be permanently ſecured and enjoyed, in the ampleſt manner, and to the lateſt time, by the inhabitants of this province.

The war which is ſtill waged on the continent of Europe, as it keeps Britain in a ſtate of watchfulneſs, ſeems a juſt reaſon for prudent caution in her colonies. I therefore recommend to you to maintain the militia of this province on a reſpectable footing.

Gentlemen of the Houſe of Aſſembly.

I hope you will ſee it expedient to provide for the preſent eſtabliſhment of Fort Johnſton, and to ſupply that garriſon with ſufficient ſtores.

As the public faith ſtands engaged, I conceive it needleſs to recommend to you to make immediate proviſion for defraying the charge of the recent and important ſervices of the militia forces, upon which occaſion I cannot doubt that you will be mindful to indemnify, at leaſt, your late worthy Governor, under whoſe auſpices they acted, for his perſonal expence on that ſervice, ſo generouſly undertaken for the good of his country. This done, his Majeſty's ſubjects lately miſled, having returned to their duty, I think it is to be wiſhed that the veil of oblivion may be drawn over the paſt unhappy troubles, and all the animoſities and diſtinctions which they created.

Gentlemen of his Majeſty's Honourable Council, Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Houſe of Aſſembly,

I have nothing particular at this time in command from his Majeſty to communicate to you. On my own part, I muſt expreſs my earneſt wiſhes, that you conduct the public buſineſs with unanimity and diſpatch. And I do aſſure you of my concurrence in all meaſures that are calculated to promote the honour and ſecurity of his Majeſty's government, and the true intereſt and happineſs of this colony.

To his Excellency Joſiah Martin, Eſq; his Majeſty's Captain General, Governor, and Commander in Chief, of the Province of North-Carolina.

The humble Addreſs of the Houſe of Aſſembly.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

WE, his Majeſty's moſt dutiful and loyal ſubjects, the Repreſentatives of the province of North Carolina, return your Excellency our thanks for your ſpeech at the opening of this ſeſſion.

Permit us, Sir, to congratulate you on your appointment to the government of this province: This mark of Royal approbation, truly honourable to you, affords a very pleaſing proſpect of future felicity to us. The adminiſtration of a Gentleman diſtinguiſhed by a King who ever wiſhes to promote the happineſs of his ſubjects, we aſſure your Excellency, is extremely acceptable to this country.

Public meaſures pointing to the honour of the Crown, or the proſperity of this colony, have always met with public approbation; and we are perſuaded that your duty

miniſtration will merit every ſupport which may be in the power of this, or any future Aſſembly, to give it.

We are happy in the aſſurance your Excellency has given us, that our conduct, in a time full of danger and difficulty, has been well pleaſing to the King; and we thank you for the kind congratulations with which you have been pleaſed to honour us, on the reſtoration of peace and good order to this province.

The ſpirited conduct of Governor Tryon, and the bravery of the officers and troops who ſerved under him in the expedition againſt the inſurgents, deſerve the acknowledgments of the whole country; and it ſhall be our care to make as ample proviſion for defraying the expences of that important ſervice, as the exhauſted ſtate of the public funds will admit of.

Prohibited as we are by act of parliament from the uſe of paper money, the inconveniencies ariſing from a want of ſpecie to ſerve as a medium of trade (common in all young countries) are changed into real diſtreſs; equally felt and equally to be lamented by individuals and by the public.

We earneſtly wiſh, Sir, that the only mode for paying the public debts, which the circumſtances of this colony will permit us to adopte, may prove juſt and ſatisfactory to the public creditors. We ſhall cheerfully provide for the maintenance of the garriſon of fort Johnſton; ſuch a meaſure we conſider as being neceſſary to the ſafety of one of the principal trading ports in this province. Every other thing your Excellency has been pleaſed to recommend, ſhall meet with that attention their importance require.

His Excellency's ANSWER.

Mr. Speaker, and Gentlemen of the Houſe of Aſſembly,

I RETURN you my hearty thanks for this addreſs. My beſt acknowledgments are due to you, Gentlemen, for your congratulations on my appointment to this government, and for your aſſurances that it is acceptable to this province; than which nothing can be more grateful to me.

Devoted to his Majeſty's ſervice, I ſhall uniformly endeavour to promote the honour and proſperity of this country, heartily wiſhing to juſtify your obliging expectations of my adminiſtration.

Your readineſs to provide for the public exigencies, does you credit, and gives me real pleaſure; and I truſt Gentlemen, you will adopt ſuch expedients in that buſineſs, as ſhall be honourable to the legiſlature, and ſatisfactory to the public credit.

LONDON,

Oct. 15 It is ſaid that Lord Baltimore has left a genteel legacy to Mrs. Davis, the late Miſs Sarah Woodcock.

The following letter from *Britain* was inſerted in the Reading Mercury of laſt Saturday, addreſſed to the Printer of that paper.

"Sir, On the 22d inſtant, I received a letter (by poſt) of a very extraordinary nature; the following is an exact copy.

Mr. Britain, CALAIS, Oct. 10, 1771.

by a Letter I rec'd a fortnight ago from a Friend in London he tells me, that you hav a going to turn King's Evidence, if You do You will Certainly be Dem'd, for You tooked the Sacrament and ſwere You would not tell. Now if You will promiſe Me to Say no More about it, I will get you Two Thouſand Pounds from Count———, who I was with a Week ago; You know where to write to the Count. I am Yrs. &c.

PIERRE ROGERS.

P. S Remember me to Sney'd and all our old Friends I ſent this by a Smuggling Veſſel who will put into the Poſt.

To Mr. Jonathan Britain in Reading Gaol.

The original Letter I have ſent to London, and ordered it to be delivered to the Lord Mayor. The hand writing Iam perfectly unacquainted with, and doubt not but it is a political trap to catch me in, but I am determined to accept no offer whatever, but ſtand firm to the cauſe I have undertaken. I am Sir, your humble Servent,

Reading Gaol, Oct. 26, 1771 J. BRITAIN."

Oct. 24. They write from Vienna, that notwithſtanding the hopes of an approaching accommodation between the Turks and Ruſſians, a large body of Imperial troops, to form two camps, are intended to be kept on foot.

Private letters by Monday's mail adviſe, that the Imperial City of Moſcow was almoſt entirely deſtroyed by fire the 26th of laſt month; and that the palace of the Grand Duke, as well as that of the Empreſs, have ſuffered conſiderably thereby.

A Correſpondent ſays, that Britain may certainly be puniſhed on his own confeſſion. If he did not attempt the life of the King, whip him for an impoſtor;---if he did,---hang him for a traitor.

Letters from Conſtantinople mention, that the Grand Signor had reſolved to augment the pay, and alſo introduce ſome new regulations in the corps of Janizaries, which had given great ſatisfaction to that formidable body of troops.

The account of Lord North's having requeſted, on Tueſday laſt, of his Majeſty to accept of his reſignation, and being refuſed; is entirely without foundation.

Oct. 25. Private letters from Holland, by Tueſday's mail, ſay, that they have juſt received advice that the King of Pruſſia is raiſing forces in every part of his dominions. The ſame lettters add, that the Queen of Hungary, jealous of the deſigns of his Pruſſian Majeſty, has ordered all her frontier towns to be ſtrongly garriſoned, and has taken every neceſſary ſtep to prevent any part of her kingdom being ſuddenly attacked.

Oct. 26. The papers, containing the examination of Britain, &c. were ſent to a great Law Officer the beginning of this week, for his inſpection and opinion thereon, and were returned to the Admiralty on Wedneſday laſt.

When the laſt advices were received at Leghorn from Algiers, there was a report that an attempt had lately been made on the life of the Dey, but without ſucceſs.

The King's Silverſmith has juſt finiſhed an elegant piece of plate, which the Merchants of South-Carolina have preſented to Marke Robinſon, Eſq; late Commander of his Majeſty's ſhip Fowey, as a token of their regard for his great attention to their commercial intereſts during the three years he was ſtationed in that province.

Oct. 31. We hear from Peterſburg that her Imperial Majeſty has been ſo well ſatisfied with Rear Admiral Elphinſtone's ſervices, that upon his being diſcharged ſhe paid him all his emoluments, and gave him 1000l. to pay the expences of his journey to England; and that his prize money was to be remitted him when the diſtribution was made to the other officers, which it is ſaid will be very conſiderable.

Extract of a Letter from the Hague, Oct. 15.

"A Courier arrived here from Brunſwick the day before yeſterday, with the agreeable news that her Royal Highneſs the Princeſs, Conſort to his Royal Highneſs the Hereditary Prince of Brunſwick, was happily delivered of a Prince the 9th inſtant. This event cauſed great joy at the Court of Brunſwick, which was that day in Gala on account of its being the birth day of his Royal Highneſs the Prince of Brunſwick. The young Prince was baptized by the names of William Frederick.

A letter from Conſtantinople, dated Aug. 22, ſays, "We are informed, that the Ruſſians have agreed to the neutrality of the Republic of Ruguſa, on the latter paying 50,000 ſequins of Venice, which they have been obliged to comply with."

From the alacrity with which buſineſs is carrying on at the Admiralty, from the number of extra Clerks employed and other manœuvres, there is the ſtrongeſt reaſon to ſuggeſt that the commencement of hoſtilities by a certain ſouthern power is expected and preparing for.

It is reported that a ſcheme is now forming for obtaining a large ſum of money form a certain great trading Company.

Nov. 1. An Officer in the train of the Duke of Glouceſter, writes word, that ſoon after the arrival of his Royal Highneſs at Genoa, there came into that city the Marquis de Fitz-James, attended by Capt. Moor, an Officer in the French ſervice, and a perſon named Stone; The ſame letter ſay, that theſe great Perſonages met by accident, when the Marquis politely ſaluted, and gave the wall.

It is ſaid that *Junius* was diſcovered by trating a relation of the Author's to a Printer's letter-box, and that the diſcovery was made ſo long ago as the middle of the laſt Seſſion, but kept a ſecert by Adminiſtration for ſome very particular reaſons.

Extract of a letter from Hamburgh, dated Oct. 1.

"Yeſterday died in this town, at his lodgdngs near the Elephant, in Deich-ſtreet, Jean Lours de C——s, who after receiving the Sacrament, and Extreme Unction, made his confeſſion before a Notary Public, that he had received five thouſand livers from the French Miniſter, to inliſt into the Swiſs regiment, or Dutch regiment of Guards, as a private Soldier, and at the firſt review to take an opportunity of firing at the Stadtholder with ball. This Frenchman ſays he is a native of the Province of Artois, and he has lived here many months in a very extravagant manner. By the next packet you ſhall receive a copy of his confeſſion. Every one muſt recollect a certain review at the Hague."

Nov. 2. We are aſſured that Charles Stuart was lately at Paris, and that ſoon after his appearance there, he received a meſſage from the French Court, deſiring him to retire, with which he thought fit immediately to comply.

It is ſaid the deficiency of a very conſiderable ſum has been diſcovered in a public department.

Notwithſtanding the many articles in the papers (and ſome of them by authority) that the Princeſs of Wales was in good health, and had been only ill a of cold, which had not even confined her, we can aſſure the public, that the contrary is the fact. She is very ill of a cancer in her mouth, which has extended to the throat, and is daily creeping downwards; ſo that her life muſt neceſſarily be but of ſhort duration. She has been fed by pipes for ſome days paſt.

Nov. 7. A warrant marked 12,000l. has been iſſued againſt the goods and chattels of a certain Iriſh Earl; to evade the execution of which, it is ſaid, he has cauſed his houſhold goods and furniture to be removed to his country ſeat, by which means Mr. Sheriff Wilks, it is ſuppoſed, will loſe 500l. and his colleague the like ſum.

Edmund Junius, the Iriſh Jeſuit, according to a correſpondent, is ſo involved in the above Nobleman's misfortune, that had it not been for the agency ſo ſeaſonably conferred on him, it is thought he alſo muſt have decamped.

Nov. 12 A correſpondent hopes his———, or at leaſt that her R. H. the P. D. will now be ſatisfied with all the happy events of the Middleſex election. For had they not put the Luttrell family ſo forward, it is certain it would not have been near ſo much known, and they cannot now ſurely diſdain an alliance with a perſon whom they thought ſo happy an inſtrument in their hands, for overturning the moſt ſacred privileges of the ſubject.

The repeated affronts which the Spaniards offer to this nation, begin to give ſome diſguſt to a great perſonage upon which there are very ſpirted memorials remitted to the court of Madrid.

All ſerious people are very nearly concerned at the late match of the D——of C———d, forſeeing that very diſagreeable conſequences muſt ariſe from ſuch a connexion.

The republican party are very warm and zealous in the defence of a late unpopular marriage, but it is plain theſe enemies to Kings, rejoice at every act that may leſſen the Royal Family in the eyes of the public.

A report prevails that a large ſum of money will be remitted, on an important occaſion, to the Mediterranean.

We are told among the new regulations intended to be made in the army, the following is one, viz. that no ſoldier, being diſcharged from the ſame, ſhall be ſtript of his clothes.

We hear that the Crews of all his Majeſty's ſhips on foreign ſtations, are ordered to be augmented.

We hear that Colonel Luttrell diſclams being in the leaſt privy to the marriage of his ſiſter with the D—— of C———.

It is ſaid that a Great Perſonage lately entered into the connubial ſtate, will make the tour of Italy, before he returns to England.

It is confidently reported, that his R—— H——— the D—— of C———d, has expreſſed himſelf in the ſtrongeſt terms, that in caſe his Dutcheſs is not received at St. James's, in a manner ſuitable to his dignity and pre-eminence, he will join the Society of Bill of Rights, and for ever oppoſe the court meaſures with all his intereſt.

Lord C——m has recommended to a Great Perſonage the laying Britain's and Dudley's Affair before an auguſt Aſſembly, at their next meeting.

We hear that a patriotick Baronet, and Member of an auguſt Aſſembly, will loſe a very conſiderable ſum of money by the late failure of a houſe in the city.

A Dutch fleet of four ſhips of the line and two frigates is lately ſailed from the Texal for the W. Indies.

A Correſpondent ſays, "It is really a Fact, that the Rockingham party have finally ſettled a plan of introducing the two Burkes (Edward and William) into the city on the very firſt vacancies for Aldermen.

We hear there are now in Newgate no leſs than one hundred and forty priſoners under ſentence of tranſportaion.

The rank of a certain high Dutcheſs, we are aſſured, will ſhortly be declared, and an eſtabliſhment provided for her equal to her dignity.

it ſeems his R——l H——ſs intended that his marrige ſhould have been kept ſecret, as his brother's has hitherto been; but the ceremony was no ſooner over, then the lady informed her friends of her newly acquired rank.—[*The brother's marriage, here mentioned, is ſaid to mean the D. of G———r's marrying Lady W—ldegr—ve, Widow of the late Earl W—ldgr—ve; which event it is ſaid took place ſome conſiderable time ſince; but the lady has never been acknowledged at the B——ſh C——t as entitled to the honours due to a Conſort of a Duke of the Blood Royal of Great Britan.*]

Nov. 5. The number of perſons in the preſent Houſe of Commons poſſeſſed of employments, with ſalaries annexed (beſides hungry dependants, whoſe mouths are open to catch at places) amounts to upwards of 240.

Extract of a Letter from Paris, dated October. 28.

"There goes a whiſper here, that a certain Chevalier has again turned his thoughts towards England, on an invitation from ſome the leaſt to be ſuſpected, from the favour in which they have long been at court. I ſhould be ſo far from giving the leaſt credit to ſuch a report, that I would not even mention it to you, if I did not know the truth of the following circumſtance: The Chevalier has actually been here incog. and is gone from hence in company with the Marquis de Fitz James, but where, is left for time to ſhew."

There was no drawing-room, or any public buſineſs, tranſacted at St. James's yeſterday; his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland's birth day was not obſerved, but in private, by any of the Royal Family.

His Majeſty is ſo much affected with the preſent ſituation of his family, as not to have had any reſt for ſeveral nights paſt

A certain unpopular Colonel has been examined before a certain Great Perſonage, relative to a much-talked-of marriage; but the Colonel poſitively aſſerted, that he was wholly unconſulted in this affair; that he was entirely ignorant of it from beginning to end; otherwiſe he moſt certainly ſhould have appriſed his M——y of it in good time.

Nov. 9. We hear that no remonſtrance is yet preparing to be ſent to Spain (as mentioned in ſome of the papers) but that a council will be held the beginning of next week to conſider of the ſteps neceſſary to be taken to procure ſatisfaction for the inſults lately offered to this kingdom by the Spaniards. It is further ſaid, that no remonſtrance will be ſent; but as ſoon as diſpatches arrive from Admiral Rodney, confirming the late account of the ſeizure of one of his Majeſty's ſhips, repriſals will be made immediately without the delay of a convention.

A certain celebrated Iriſh Orator is ſaid to have entirely exculpated himſelf to a Great Perſonage with reſpect to being the Author of the letters ſigned Junius, and the ſuſpicion is now ſaid to fall entire on a late Secretary to a Lord Lieutenant of Ireland

A letter is ſaid to be received from Carrickfergus in Ireland, that a French Eaſt-Indiaman, ſuppoſed to be homeward bound, was lately driven on ſhore within five leagues of that place, in a violent ſtorm and that both ſhip and cargo were totally loſt. Part of the crew took to their long boat, but the wind ſhifting, were driven out to ſea, and have not ſince been heard of; the reſt of the crew made ſignals of diſtreſs, but the wind blew ſo hard

vessel could put off to their assistance, and they were all drowned,

A rupture, we are told, is likely to commence between the States General and the Sardinian Court, on account of some late transactions in the Mediterranean.

NEWPORT, January 20.

We hear that more than half the cargo of the ship London, mentioned in our last, is saved.

To the PRINTER.

Mr. HOLT,

A LAW passed in New Jersey in the Year 1770, in consequence of which all Warrants of Attorney to confess Judgments, are to be drawn up and executed on distinct Pieces of Paper from the Obligations; and no Judgment can be entered in any of the Courts of that Province, by Virtue of any Warrant included in the Body of any Bond, Bill or Writing, executed after the First of July 1770, but such Warrant of Attorney is to be void, and of no Effect. An Unacquaintance with this Law has, in several Instances, been prejudicial to Creditors who have depended upon such Warrants of Attorney, especially in this Province, where Cary Bills, as they are called, are much in Use.— Your making this Alteration of the Law more public, will probably prevent any more such Disappointments, and prove advantageous to the Public in general.

To the PRINTER. New-York.

IN the first page of the Philadelphia paper of 20th instant, you'll find a piece sign'd Probus, *which several of your Customers desire you will insert in your next, the Reflections contained in it, being as applicable to New-York, as Philadelphia.*

For the PENNSYLVANIA PACKET.

To the PUBLIC.

WHEREAS it is confidently reported, that very large quantities of merchandize, consisting of a great variety of most saleable and sound European and other goods, have, for a considerable time past, been selling at several of the Venduestores within the liberties of Philadelphia, so far below the price which it is most certainly known goods of the same kind and quality can be purchased for in any place where they are manufactured, (even for very little more currency than they cost sterling) that it has given great and just cause of suspicion to many long experienced traders, and other reputable inhabitants of said city, that it is impossible for these goods to be honestly come by; which suspicion is moreover highly aggravated by the solemn engagements to observe the profoundest secrecy, which the managers of these places, not only promise in their public advertisements, but most inviolably keep, together with other circumstances that might be further mentioned, attending the present management of the same: For, it is most absurd to suppose, that any reasonable person would be concerned in a business so very much to his loss; or, that any honest man can possibly live by such trade. Therefore, in order to preserve the reputation of the province of Pennsylvania in general, and the credit of the city of Philadelphia in particular, from suffering injury from such proceedings, this is to request the public to take into consideration, whether it does not absolutely become the good people of said province, to petition the Legislature to discourage, as much as in them lies, all receivers of goods stolen, dishonourably obtained, and clandestinely imported, or in whatever manner procured, so as thereby to defraud any person of his legal and just right; either by a particular law, granting suitable authority for the proper regulation of all suspected places, and receptacles of dishonourable traffic, by a tax or duty on the same, as done on taverns, or spirituous liquors, &c. and subjecting them to public inspection, by obliging all receivers of such goods, to insert in a book, kept solely for that purpose, the names of all persons from whom they receive them, with the different sorts and quantities received respectively, to be produced whenever demanded, so that all fraud and dishonesty may be entirely discountenanced, and the public credit preserved undiminished; or in whatever manner, they, in their wisdom, may see meet to accomplish the same, seeing the present laws in force are insufficient; that they who are justly considered as Guardians of the public good, may not be unadvised of a practice so notoriously noxious, and absolutely repugnant to the real interest of commerce and fair dealing, and the maintaining the trade of the province free from contempt. PROBUS.

Mr. HOLT.

I Have for some time past observed a very pernicious practice, which too many of the inhabitants of this city, are constantly guilty of; I mean that of withholding their buckets, whenever there is a fire; thro' the fear of losing them, or having them soiled; as a great many people (more nice than wise) keep them finely painted, and hung up in their entries, as if they were designed, more for ornament, than use; by which means there is generally a great want of buckets at the beginning of a fire, when it might be extingnished with very little difficulty.——And as this mal-practice, may some time or other, be attended with the most dreadful consequences, to the whole city; I think it my duty (as a member of the community) to point out the impropriety, and absurdity of it; and in order to prevent the inconveniencies which may arise, in future, from such preposterous conduct; I propose that a strict examination should be made (by proper persons appointed for the purpose) to see that every house is properly supplied with buckets according to law; and that one half of such buckets, should be distributed, and kept at the different fire engine-houses: For which salutary purpose, a loft might be added to them. By this means, whenever an engine is carried to a fire, in any part of the city, it will be immediately useful, as it will always be accompanied with a sufficient number of buckets to supply it with water.—The great utility of such a regulation, and the good consequences, that will naturally result from it, must be so very obvious to every one that I think it quite needless to enlarge upon it.—I am, your's,

PUBLICOLA.

NEW-YORK, January 30.

Saturday last the Supreme Court ended here, during which the following Criminals were tried, viz. The well-known *Adam Smith*, for stealing sundry Wearing Apparel from Zebulon Waterman, found guilty, and is to be executed the 21st of February next.

Catherine Longworth, for Felony, in entering the House of Mr. Cornelius Van Ranst, of this City, Shop keeper, and stealing sundry Goods, found guilty also, and is to be executed the same Day.

John Smith, for Petty Larceny, sentenced to receive 39 Lashes, at the Whipping Post on Monday last.

William Sevil, for Burglary, and Samuel Doren, for a Street Robbery, were acquitted.

Edward Smith, for forging a Bill of Exchange, and offering to pass it, ordered to find Security for £.30, or be committed till next Term.

Some Time since died in the Island of Eustatia, where he had lately settled, after a short but very severe Illness, in the 21st Year of his Age, Dr. Benjamin Onderdonck, eldest Son of Mr. Onderdonck of Long Island, a young Gentleman of a very amiable Character.

Capt. Smith Odel, of Stratford, in Connecticut, (who has for many Years been a Coaster from that Place to Boston and New-York,) was on Monday last, opposite to Hempstead, struck overboard by the Boom, and drown'd. The same Day another Man was also drowned in the Sound.

The Snow Mercury Packet, (lately built here) Capt. Dillon, Commander, is ready to sail for London, to which Place she is bound this Voyage as a Merchantship, and is thence to proceed to Falmouth, and sail to this Place as the 5th Packet Boat, for which Purpose she was built.

Among the Passengers, is the ingenious Mrs. Wright, whose Skill in taking Likenesses, expressing the Passions, and many curious Devices in Wax-Work, has deservedly recommended her to public Notice, especially among Persons of Distinction, from many of whom we hear she carries Letters to their Friends in England.

Capt. Robert Pomeroy, on his Passage from the West-Indies, for Virginia, on the 9th Ult. spoke the Schooner Dispatch, Captain Montanye, from New-York, for Teneriff, 4 Days out; loaded with Corn, and had four Feet Water in her Hold, with one Pump choaked up, and could not bring her on a Wind, on Account of her Leaks.

Extract from the printed Votes and Proceedings of the General Assembly of the Colony of New-York.

Die Martis, 10 ho. A. M. the 21st January, 1772.

A Message from his Excellency the Governor, by *Mr. Banyar*, Deputy Secretary, which being read, is in the Words following, viz.

"*Gentlemen,*

"As nothing gives greater Credit to a Country than Establishments of public Utility, so it is not more at the Instance of many of the principal Gentlemen in this Government, than in Compliance with my own Inclination, that I request of you to take under your Care and Protection an Institution, planned by a Society lately incorporated, for founding an Hospital in this City, for the Reception of the Poor, debilitated by Age, or oppressed with Infirmities. The many Advantages arising to a Community from a public Hospital, not to mention the Honour it reflects on its Inhabitants, are obvious to every one, and will ever be readily acknowledged by the humane and benevolent; and altho' Infirmaries and charitable Foundations usually owe their Origin to the Bounty and voluntary Contribution of Individuals, yet being calculated to guard against public Calamities and Distresses, they call for the public Aid and Assistance, to give them Duration and Stability.

"A becoming Generosity in the Legislature of a Country for the charitable Purpose of relieving the aged, indigent, and infirm, loaded with Ills, which Nature of itself is unable to sustain, is ever esteemed the strongest Proof of national Virtue. I shall not presume to prescribe to you either the Mode or the Measure of your Liberality; your Knowledge of the Police of this Government will best point out to you the former, Christian Benevolence and your own Feeling, suggest the latter.

WM. TRYON.

Fort-George, New-York, 18th of January, 1772."

☞ Several Prisoners confined in the Gaol of this City, being in want of the common Necessaries of Life; a Charity Sermon, for their Relief will be preached next Friday Evening, in the Old Presbyterian Church.

Custom-House, New-York, Inward Entries.

Sloop Hawk, W. Black; and Lydia, J. Freebody, Jun. from Rhode-Island.

OUTWARD.——Brig Mary, D. Fenton, for Waterford; Betsy, P. Schermerhorn, South-Carolina; Galway, W. Burke, Galway. Sloop Catherine, J. Duncan, Hispaniola; J. Elizabeth, T. Saunders, St. Christophers; Hester, W. Lownds, St. Croix; Hope, J. Hodge, Surinam. Schooner Polly, T. Cunningham, North-Carolina.

CLEARED.——Ship Amelia, C. Le Marsiet, Liverpool; Snow Peggy, W. Cumming, Newry. Mercury, J. Richards, Falmouth. Brig Charming Peggy, J. Lawrence, South-Carolina; Elizabeth, W. Brown, Monto Christo; Brig Speedwell, A. Exeen, Jamaica. Sloop Little Jemmy, R. Puller, Dominica; St. David, J. Sears, Madeira; Betsy and Lydia, W. Rogers, Pensacola; Dolphin, T. Bennet; Clarissa, I. Whitney; and Schooner Active, P. Scott, North-Carolina.

To the PRINTER.

JUST before our Supreme Court ended on Saturday last, an Order of the General Assembly was served on Mr. Justice Livingston, the only Judge then on the Bench, commanding that the Proceedings, in a certain Action of Ejectment depending in that Court, between James Jackson, on the Demise of William Bayard, Esq; Plaintiff, against John Stiles, Hendrick Oblinus, Tenant, *should be stayed during the Session.* The Judge, influenced by a conscientious Regard to his Oath, and the Duties of his important Office, did not comply with the Mandate by *staying the Proceedings*, of which he has since by Letter informed the Speaker of the House: What Steps will next be taken, Time must determine.

The Copy of this Order with the Judge's Letter and some Observations drawn from the Extent of the Judge's Oath, and from the Law and Constitution, will, in due Time, be laid before the awful Tribunal of the Public, that every Member of the Community may be enabled to judge for himself.

The impartial and uninterrupted Administration of Justice is so essential to the Liberties and Happiness of a free People, and the Danger of over-awing the Judges in the Dispensation of it, so great, that it is hoped every Man who values the Blessings and Privileges derived from our excellent Constitution, will endeavour to divest himself of all *Party Prejudices* and prepare his Mind for the Consideration of a Subject of the last Importance to the well-being of Society.

The Author, impressed with these Sentiments, and uninfluenced by any other Motives than those of serving his Country, will enter upon the Enquiry with a due Deference to his Superiors, and yet with all that Freedom and Boldness which the Importance of the Subject demands, and which every Englishman is intiled to! Are not our Neighbours in the other Colonies eventually interested in the present Inquiry? Do we not all derive our common Privileges from the same Constitution? and may not what is done in one Province be urged as a Precedent in another? If so, is it not the Duty of every Printer on the Continent to testify his Regard to the sacred Rights of the People, by reprinting what may be offered on this interesting Subject? and those Writers who have nobly distinguished themselves in the Defence of their Country on former Occasions, are hereby called upon to favour the Public with their Sentiments.

If the Author's feeble Endeavours should so far succeed as to raise his sleeping Countrymen to a due Attention to their common Interest, or if others should be thereby induced to undertake the Task, it will give him inexpressible Pleasure, and he will, with Satisfaction resign his Pen to an abler Hand. CATO.

THE SECOND VOLUME
Of the American Edition of
BLACKSTONE's
COMMENTARIES
ON THE
LAWS of ENGLAND,

IN neat Law Binding, will be ready for Delivery to the Subscribers of Philadelphia and New-York, on the 28th of February, 1772——Subscribers in the distant Provinces shall be supplied as soon as possible. 17 20

To the PUBLIC.

THE MATTISONIA GRAMMAR-SCHOOL in Lower-Freehold, is still continued under the Patronage of the Rev. Messrs. William Tennent, Charles M'Knight and William Ayers, and Doct. Nathaniel Scudder, who purpose constantly to provide said School with an able Teacher, and visit it as often as may be necessary.

The Gentleman who now presides in the School, and gives singular Satisfaction, is Mr. MOSES ALLEN, late of *Nassau-Hall.*

He teaches the Latin and Greek Languages with Accuracy, and is particularly attentive to the Reading and Pronunciation of the English Tongue.

The Situation of the School is such, that the Pupils are perhaps as little exposed to Temptation, or any Thing that may corrupt their Morals, as in any Part of America.

N. B. Board, including Washing, Fire-Wood and Candles, is at present no higher than Seven Shillings and Six Pence Proclamation Money, per Week.

Freehold, New-Jersey, Jan. 15, 1772. 17 26

To be LET,
And entered upon the first of May next, or sooner,

FOR the term of one or more years, the pleasantly situated house and lot of ground, belonging to William De Peyster, and in which he now lives, in St. George's-Square, at the upper end of Queen's-street, almost directly opposite to the house of the late Honourable William Walton, Esq;—The house is in very good order, and hath two neat rooms upon the first, and two upon the second floor, with fire places in each of them, besides bed rooms, and an excellent room for a store or shop, of 23 feet square, adjoining the house, with the conveniencies of a large cistern and pump in the yard: The lot is in front about 36 feet wide, besides the privilege of a gangway for a cart; and is in length about 244 feet—There are on the premises, an excellent well-built and spacious store house, with all the conveniencies of a large oven, &c. at the lower part of it, for carrying on the baking, and in the upper part, for the bolting business;—also a fine chocolate mill, with all things necessary for manufacturing that commodity with ease and expedition, together with stables for cows and horses, and a house for a chaise, or any other carriage. The rear of the said lot is finely situated for a garden, to which purpose it has for many years been applied, and in that time excellently manured.—The premises are well adapted to answer either a store or a shopkeeper, a baker, or a person who inclines to follow the business of chocolate making.

Whoever wants to rent the same, may agree upon the terms, by applying to

WILLIAM DE PEYSTER.

New-York, Jan. 6th, 1772. 13 20

POET'S CORNER.

O D E.

1.

AS BRITANNIA set a wailing
With her Shield revers'd and torn,
In the Duſt her Spear was trailing
Th' Olive-branch no more upborn;
In deep Sighs her Grief ſhe vented,
Without Force or Spirit left;
And regretfully lamented,
Of all Joys her Sate bereft.

2. Where alas! is fled my Glory!
(In her Anguiſh thus ſhe ſaid)
What a Figure now in Story
Muſt I make, by all betray'd?
On my Foes abroad confounded,
I my Vengeance could have pour'd,
But, at home, with Woes ſurrounded,
By my own Sons I'm devour'd.

3. They're the firſt to ſeek my Ruin
Who my Welfare ſhould defend!
Nor can ſee their own undoing
Muſt ſuch Parricides attend?
On my Vitals while they're preying
'Tis themſelves, in Truth, they tear,
Yet the frantic Part they're playing
From ſoft Pity draws this Prayer.

4. God of Nations! Mankind's Father!
From whom Mercy ne'er departs,
Puniſh not their Guilt, but rather
Mend their Heads, and turn their Hearts,
From their Eyes the Film removing,
Let them ſee their Errors paſt:
Through the Senſe of ſelf-reproving
May thoſe Errors be their laſt!

5. Let all Sides their Faults confeſſing,
Paſs each other's Act of Grace,
Of corrupting and oppreſſing,
Let fair governing take Place:
Hence with Faction's idle roaring!
Let all civil diſcord ceaſe,
Cordial Harmony reſtoring,
Give us Liberty and Peace!

Ready Money

For all Sorts of clean Linen Rags and old Paper, paid by

WILLIAM SHAFFER,

(Paper-Maker, near the Freſh-Water, in the City of New-York.)

WHO continues to manufacture, at that Place, All Sorts of Paper, Paſtboard, &c. &c. to the general Satisfaction of his Cuſtomers.

And as the Eſtabliſhment of this Manufactory is of great Advantage to the Country, by cauſing the Money that otherwiſe would be ſent out of it, for the Purchaſe of Paper, imported from abroad, to circulate here, among a great Number of poor People, He flatters himſelf that he ſhall receive Encouragement and Aſſiſtance from the true Friends of their Country of all Ranks,—particularly in ſupplying him with Linen Rags and old Paper, (Articles abſolutely neceſſary to the Support of this Manufactory, and otherwiſe of little or no Uſe) which, if Gentlemen and Ladies in Town and Country would give proper Orders to their Servants, and if People in general would think worth their Attention, might eaſily be ſaved, and conveniently ſent to the Subſcriber, who will always give for them the higheſt Price, and in Return, ſupply Country Merchants, Printers and others in this and the neighbouring Governments, carefully and expeditiouſly, according to Directions, with Paper of all Sorts, at the moſt reaſonable Rates, and as cheap as can be had in any of the other Colonies.

14 17 WILLIAM SHAFFER.

MICHAEL POREE,

SURGEON DENTIST,

HEREBY informs the Gentlemen and Ladies of this City, his former Cuſtomers and others who may have occaſion of his Service, in cleaning their Teeth, or ſupplying new ones where wanting, that he again reſides in the Houſe where he formerly lived in Broad-Street, where he is provided with every Neceſſary for the cleaning and Preſervation of the Teeth and Gums, and on Notice, will wait on any Gentleman or Lady that require his Service.

N. B. His Stay in this City will be but a very few Months. 15 18

THE WIDOW HAYS has removed from the Corner oppoſite the Secretary's Office, to Stone-Street, nearly oppoſite Meſſrs. Simſon's—where ſhe continues to ſell as uſual, all Sorts of Pickles, amongſt which are, the beſt of Walnuts—Peaches—Cucumbers—Mangoes—Beans—Love Apples and Onions, &c.

14 17

ERASMUS WILLIAMS,

In Broad-Street, near the Exchange, and directly facing Jews-Alley;

HATH for Sale on the moſt reaſonable Terms, a Quantity of Eaſt-India and European Goods of moſt Kinds, fit for the preſent and approaching Seaſon of the Year, imported in ſome of the laſt Veſſels from England; ALSO, (imported in Capt. Schermerhorn)

A large Parcel of excellent fine

SOUR ORANGES and PEA-NUTS,

that will keep thro' the Winter, and will be ſold very reaſonably. 15 1

To be ſold, and entered upon the 1ſt of April next,

A FARM pleaſantly ſituated, on the eaſt ſide of Hempſted harbour, on Long-Iſland, containing 234 acres of good land, 70 whereof are well timbered, with ſome fields of locuſt trees, and a ſufficient quantity of ſalt marſh; the whole in good fence, great part of cedar poſts. There is on it a good dwelling-houſe and barn, three orchards of the beſt graſted apple trees, with a quantity of other fruit, and is otherwiſe well improved. The conditions will be made eaſy to the purchaſer, and an indiſputable title given, by William and Jacob Walton, and Co. 14—

New-York, January 8, 1772.

TO BE SOLD,

A Quantity of choice PICKLED

COD-FISH,

At SAMUEL COWDREY's,

Oppoſite the Old Slip-Market. 14 17

To be ſold at public vendue, at the Merchant's Coffee-houſe, on Tueſday the 11th of February next, at 12 o'clock, or at private ſale any time before,

THE houſe and lot of ground in Broad-ſtreet, now occupied by Mr. Eraſmus Williams: The lot is 20 feet 10 inches in breadth in front, and 21 feet 11 inches in the rear, and in length 70 feet 11 inches. The houſe is two ſtories high, newly repair'd, has 3 fire-places, a large dry cellar and cellar kitchen, a new ciſtern and pump in the well, a good yard, large garden and graſs-plot, with a gangway that leads out to Stone-ſtreet; all very convenient for a merchant, ſhopkeeper, or private gentleman.——Likewiſe with it will be ſold, A LOT OF GROUND, in Stone-ſtreet, on which may be built a ſpacious ſtore-houſe or coach-houſe: The lot is 23 feet 9 inches in breadth in front, and buts againſt the above gardens; and is, with the ſaid gardens and graſs-plot, 127 feet 4 inches in length on the eaſt ſide, and 124 feet 3 inches on the weſt ſide, and in the rear 22 feet 4 inches in breadth. For further particulars inquire of Samuel Schuyler, who will give an indiſputable title for the ſame; and if not ſold then, to be let. 14 19

A draft of ſaid lots will be exhibited on the day of ſale.

To be ſold, the following land, at private ſale, till the 10th of March next, and if not then ſold, will be ſold at public vendue the 25th of March, on the premiſes, in Rombout's Precinct, Dutches county.

LOT No. 1, containing about three hundred acres, joining the North-river, with a very good framed houſe, forty feet long and 35 feet wide; alſo a very good barn, built all of cedar, alſo a griſt-mill, in very good order for packing and bolting, alſo orchard and meadow ground ſufficient, now in the occupation of Lawrence Lawrence.

Lot N° 2, containing about two hundred acres, joining lot N° 1, and is very good land, with a comfortable country dwelling-houſe and a complete barn and orchard, and meadow ground.

Lot N° 3, containing about one hundred and fifty acres, joins lot N° 2, and is very good land, with a middling dwelling-houſe, but a very good new barn, all covered with cedar; the land is almoſt all meadow ground, with a complete orchard.

Lot N° 4, containing two hundred and twenty three acres, joining lot N° 3, with a very good houſe and barn, and young orchard, and ſome meadow ground, and more may be made, with little charge.

Alſo one houſe and lot of ground in New-York, in Little Dock-Street, between Coenties-market and the Old Slip-market, now in the occupation of Silveſter Morris: For particulars of the ſale of the land and houſe, inquire of LAWRENCE LAWRENCE, in Rombout Precinct, in Dutches county, or Mr. NATHANIEL MARSTON, merchant in New-York, who will agree for the ſame, and give a good title. 15 25

Rombout's Precinct, Dutches county, Jan. 4, 1772.

N. B. The houſe in New-York, if not ſold by the 1ſt of February, will on that day be ſold at public vendue, at the Merchant's Coffee-House.

New-York, 14th Jan. 1772.

PURSUANT to an act of the governor, council and general aſſembly of the colony of New-York, intitled, an act to prevent frauds in debtors; and alſo of one other certain act of the lieutenant governor, the council and general aſſembly of the ſaid province of New-York, intitled, an act more effectually to empower the truſtees of fraudulent and abſconding debtors appointed or to be appointed, purſuant to an act, intitled, an act to prevent frauds in debtors, to examine the powers they may be inveſted with, and for more effectually extending the ſaid act to creditors not reſiding in this colony, in and by a certain clauſe contained in the aforeſaid firſt act; it is enacted, that the effects of perſons indebted here, who reſide out of the colony, ſhould be liable to be ſeized and proceeded againſt in the ſame manner, for the payment of their debts, as the eſtates of abſconding debtors are in and by the ſaid act made liable and ſubject to: Notice is therefore hereby given, that we James De Lancey, James Rivington, and William Bruce, have been duly appointed by the Honourable Daniel Horſmanden, Eſq; chief juſtice of this colony, truſtees for all the creditors of Samuel Williams, gentleman, a Lieutenant in his Majeſty's ſeventeenth regiment of foot, who reſides in Great-Britain, out of this colony of New-York. And we do, purſuant to the directions of the ſaid acts, hereby require all perſons who are indebted to the ſaid Samuel Williams, by the firſt day of March next, to pay unto us the truſtees, all ſuch ſum and ſums of money, which they owe to him; and alſo to deliver up all other effects of the ſaid Samuel Williams, which they may have in their hands, power or cuſtody. Given under our hands, this eleventh day of January, in the year of Lord, 1772.

JAMES DE DANCEY,
JAMES RIVINGTON,
WILLIAM BRUCE.

15 18

BY order of the Honourable Metcalf Bowler, Eſq; one of the aſſiſtant Juſtices of the ſuperior court of judicature, in and throughout the colony of Rhode-Iſland, &c. to me directed, the creditors of Jacob Iſaacks, of Newport, in the County of Newport, merchant, are hereby advertiſed, that the ſame Jacob Iſaacks, hath preferred his petition to the ſaid juſtice, praying the benefit of the law for the relief of inſolvent debtors, and leave to ſurrender all his eſtate, both real and perſonal, for the uſe of his creditors; and hath thereto annexed an inventory of his eſtate, together with a liſt of his debts, and to whom due, and hath taken the oaths by law preſcribed, all which is filed of record. And the ſaid creditors are hereby notified to appear by themſelves or attornies, before the juſtices of ſaid court, at Newport, on the laſt Wedneſday of February, A. D. 1772, there to aſcertain their demands and nominate and appoint commiſſioners or aſſigns, or otherwiſe ſhew cauſe, if any they have, why the prayer of the ſaid petition ſhould not be granted.

J. GRELEA, Jun. Clk.

Newport, December 11, A. D. 1771. 14 17

A Perſon that can be well recommended, for his honeſty and ſobriety, that underſtands tending a Boat and navigating the ſame up and down the Sound, may find Employ, by applying to TUCKER and BARTOW, in New-York.

January 13, 1772. 15 18

ORANGES.

A Quantity of Seville Oranges, by the Cask or Hundred, and a few Carolina REEDS, ſold

By JOHN MILLIGAN,

Next Door to Mr. Latham's, Ship-Builder. 14 17

Robert G. Livingſton,

Will diſpoſe of the following Tracts of land very cheap, for ready Money; or if required, for one half thereof, Bonds will be taken, viz.

A Very pleaſant Farm, containing 30 Acres of land, 4 Acres of it is a fine young Orchard, and 4 Acres fine Wood; it lies 4 Miles from Jamaica, near Forſter's Meadow, on the left Hand of the Road to Hempſtead. A very convenient Houſe and Store-houſe, and another adjoining that, now occupied by Mr. Freck and Mr. Plowman, at the Ferry, on Long-Iſland, formerly by Chriſtopher Codwiſe.

A Farm in Aimwell, in the County of Hunterdon, New-Jerſey, formerly occupied by Martin Ryerſon, containing 300 Acres of choice Land, about 20 or 30 Acres of it fine Meadow land, Wood-land ſufficient for the Farm; a good faſh'd Houſe, 5 or 6 Rooms on the firſt Floor, Out-houſes, a good Barn, very pleaſantly ſituated. Enquire of James Hude, Eſq; in New-Brunſwick, Thomas Atkinſon, and Thomas Lowrey, in ſaid Aimwell, about 22 Miles from New-Brunſwick.

Two very good improved Farms at Dutcheſs County, in Nine-Partners, about 24 Miles from the Landing at Poughkeepſie, each a faſh'd Houſe, two Stories high, 4 rooms on a Floor, with Barns, Out-houſes, and each a fine young Orchard of 200 Apple Trees, and 20 Acres of fine Meadow, each containing 263 Acres, and joining each other; very well ſituated for a Country Store, in the Heart of a Wheat Country, both occupied by Roſwell and Michael Hopkins, two Brothers.—

For further Particulars, enquire of Henry Livingſton, Eſq; at Poughkeepſie, and of the ſaid Hookins on the Spot.

A Farm in the Nine Partners, formerly occupied by Daniel Barber, containing 600 Acres; and a Farm of 82 and a half Acres, formerly occupied by Joſiah Brown, in Nine-Partners; both Farms enquire of Henry Livingſton, Eſq; in Poughkeepſie. 15 18

And a Houſe and Lot in the Town of Poughkeepſie.

Alſo two Lots of Land, each 539 acres, lying in a Place called Conydarage, in the Patent granted to David Schuyler, Nicholas Pietard, G. Stuyveſant, Ja. Livingſton, J. Willet, and others, containing 40000 Acres.——N. B. Any of the above Lands, if deſired, will be ſold in ſingle Farms.

FIVE POUNDS REWARD.

RUN away from Samuel Banks, of North-Caſtle, Middle Patent, in the county of Weſt-Cheſter, on the 14th day of November laſt, a Negro man, named WILL, 5 feet 8 inches high, about 24 years of age, of a yelloviſh complection; had on when he went away, a felt hat and grey jacket, a pair of buckſkin breeches, ſomewhat old, has a mark on the back of his right hand: He is a ſprightly ſmart fellow, ſpeaks good Engliſh, and ſomewhat falt.—It is ſuppoſed he has forged a paſs, and is harboured or lurking about the city of New-York.—Whoever apprehends and takes up the ſaid Negro man, and brings him to his maſter, or to Alexander Montgomery, near Peck's-Slip, in New-York, or lodges him in any of his Majeſty's gaols, ſo that his maſter may have him again, ſhall receive the above reward, and all reaſonable charges paid, by

15 18 SAMUEL BANKS.

All maſters of veſſels are forbid carrying off or concealing ſaid Negro, and all perſons are forwarned not to harbour, him as they may expect to be dealt with as the law directs.

QUEENSBURY, November 11, 1771.

TO BE SOLD, between this and MAY next,

A VERY valuable tract of land, containing about 2000 acres, lying in Orange county, in the province, and about 50 miles from the city of New-York, and two and half from the North-river, at the landing on the Weſt ſide of Salisbury-Iſland, to which there is a good waggon road from the ſaid land; which is extraordinarily well timbered and watered, and is in general as good for grain and meadow, as any in the county, eſpecially for meadow, in which it excels, and has ſufficient cleared to winter 25 or 30 head of cattle, beſides horſes, and about 200 acres more may be made: There is alſo cleared, a conſiderable quantity of plow land, in which about 10 or 12 buſhels of wheat and rye have been ſown this ſeaſon, the whole in good fence. There is during the ſummer ſeaſon, a very fine range, which can never be obſtructed, for any number of cattle, on the ſaid land; and alſo the following buildings and improvements, viz. a good new framed, and two other houſes, with a cellar, &c. a large garden, a good young bearing orchard, of the beſt grafted fruit, a good ſaw-mill, with plenty of water, and a vaſt quantity of white oak and other timbers convenient to it, which if properly attended, by perſons acquainted with the ſawing buſineſs, would produce, free of all coſts, at leaſt £. 200 a year. Whoever inclines to purchaſe the ſaid tract, or half of it, may apply to the ſubſcriber on the premiſes, who will give an indiſputable title for the ſame, and alſo make known the conditions of payment.

MOSES CLEMENT.

Money to be Let

All the Year round,

Upon Intereſt or Bottomry,

(No Sums leſs than £. 100.)

ON good perſonal ſecurity; houſes or lands in or near this city, will be taken, and the utmoſt ſecrecy and diſpatch be obſerved in the execution of this office, by

HENDRICK OUDENAARDE,

BROKER, in Hanover-Square,

Nearly oppoſite to Mr. Hugh Gaine's Printing Office. 91—

NEW-YORK: Printed by JOHN HOLT, at the Printing-Office on HUNTER'S-QUAY, *Rotten-Row*, where all Sorts of Printing Work is done in the neateſt Manner, with Care and Expedition. Advertiſements of no more Length than Breadth are inſerted for Five Shillings, four Weeks, and One Shilling for each Week after, and larger Advertiſements in the ſame Proportion.